

MARYLAND HISTORICAL TRUST

PG-#83-10
1704144134

INVENTORY FORM FOR STATE HISTORIC SITES SURVEY

1 NAME

HISTORIC

AND/OR COMMON

Boundary Marker

2 LOCATION

STREET & NUMBER

Barry's Hill Road & County Line

CITY, TOWN

Accokeek

___ VICINITY OF

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT

STATE

Maryland

COUNTY

Prince George's

3 CLASSIFICATION

CATEGORY

☐ DISTRICT
☐ BUILDING(S)
☐ STRUCTURE
☒ SITE
☐ OBJECT

OWNERSHIP

☒ PUBLIC
☐ PRIVATE
☐ BOTH

PUBLIC ACQUISITION

☐ IN PROCESS
☐ BEING CONSIDERED

STATUS

☒ OCCUPIED
☒ UNOCCUPIED
☐ WORK IN PROGRESS
☒ ACCESSIBLE
☐ YES: RESTRICTED
☐ YES: UNRESTRICTED
☐ NO

PRESENT USE

☐ AGRICULTURE ☐ MUSEUM
☐ COMMERCIAL ☐ PARK
☐ EDUCATIONAL ☐ PRIVATE RESIDENCE
☒ ENTERTAINMENT ☐ RELIGIOUS
☐ GOVERNMENT ☐ SCIENTIFIC
☐ INDUSTRIAL ☐ TRANSPORTATION
☐ MILITARY ☐ OTHER

4 OWNER OF PROPERTY

NAME

Prince George's/Charles Counties

Telephone #:

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

___ VICINITY OF

STATE, zip code

5 LOCATION OF LEGAL DESCRIPTION

COURTHOUSE,
REGISTRY OF DEEDS, ETC.

Prince George's County Courthouse

Liber #:

Folio #:

STREET & NUMBER

CITY, TOWN

Upper Marlboro

STATE

Maryland

6 REPRESENTATION IN EXISTING SURVEYS

TITLE

DATE

___ FEDERAL ___ STATE ___ COUNTY ___ LOCAL

DEPOSITORY FOR
SURVEY RECORDS

CITY, TOWN

STATE

8 SIGNIFICANCE

| PERIOD | | AREAS OF SIGNIFICANCE -- CHECK AND JUSTIFY BELOW | | | |
|---|---|--|---|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> PREHISTORIC | <input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-PREHISTORIC | <input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNITY PLANNING | <input type="checkbox"/> LANDSCAPE ARCHITECTURE | <input type="checkbox"/> RELIGION | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1400-1499 | <input type="checkbox"/> ARCHEOLOGY-HISTORIC | <input type="checkbox"/> CONSERVATION | <input type="checkbox"/> LAW | <input type="checkbox"/> SCIENCE | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1500-1599 | <input type="checkbox"/> AGRICULTURE | <input type="checkbox"/> ECONOMICS | <input type="checkbox"/> LITERATURE | <input type="checkbox"/> SCULPTURE | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1600-1699 | <input type="checkbox"/> ARCHITECTURE | <input type="checkbox"/> EDUCATION | <input type="checkbox"/> MILITARY | <input type="checkbox"/> SOCIAL/HUMANITARIAN | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1700-1799 | <input type="checkbox"/> ART | <input type="checkbox"/> ENGINEERING | <input type="checkbox"/> MUSIC | <input type="checkbox"/> THEATER | |
| <input type="checkbox"/> 1800-1899 | <input type="checkbox"/> COMMERCE | <input type="checkbox"/> EXPLORATION/SETTLEMENT | <input type="checkbox"/> PHILOSOPHY | <input type="checkbox"/> TRANSPORTATION | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> 1900- | <input type="checkbox"/> COMMUNICATIONS | <input type="checkbox"/> INDUSTRY | <input type="checkbox"/> POLITICS/GOVERNMENT | <input type="checkbox"/> OTHER (SPECIFY) | |
| | | <input type="checkbox"/> INVENTION | | | |

SPECIFIC DATES

BUILDER/ARCHITECT

STATEMENT OF SIGNIFICANCE

This marks the dividing line between Charles and Prince George's Counties, that has remained since 1748 when the Marshall Hall-Pomonkey area reverted from Prince George's to Charles Co.

7 DESCRIPTION**CONDITION**

☒ EXCELLENT
☐ GOOD
☐ FAIR

☐ DETERIORATED
☐ RUINS
☐ UNEXPOSED

CHECK ONE

☒ UNALTERED
☐ ALTERED

CHECK ONE

☒ ORIGINAL SITE
☐ MOVED DATE _____

DESCRIBE THE PRESENT AND ORIGINAL (IF KNOWN) PHYSICAL APPEARANCE

This is a small granite marker-with the initials of Prince George's and Charles Counties inscribed on it. It lies on the south side of Barry's Hill Rd., at the County Line.

9 MAJOR BIBLIOGRAPHICAL REFERENCES

- 1) Hienton, PRINCE GEORGE'S HERITAGE, (1972), pp. 43-44.

CONTINUE ON SEPARATE SHEET IF NECESSARY

10 GEOGRAPHICAL DATA

ACREAGE OF NOMINATED PROPERTY _____

VERBAL BOUNDARY DESCRIPTION

LIST ALL STATES AND COUNTIES FOR PROPERTIES OVERLAPPING STATE OR COUNTY BOUNDARIES

STATE

COUNTY

STATE

COUNTY

11 FORM PREPARED BY

NAME / TITLE

Michael F. Dwyer, Senior Park Historian

ORGANIZATION

M-NCPPC

DATE

4/16/74

STREET & NUMBER

8787 Georgia Ave.

TELEPHONE

589-1480

CITY OR TOWN

Silver Spring

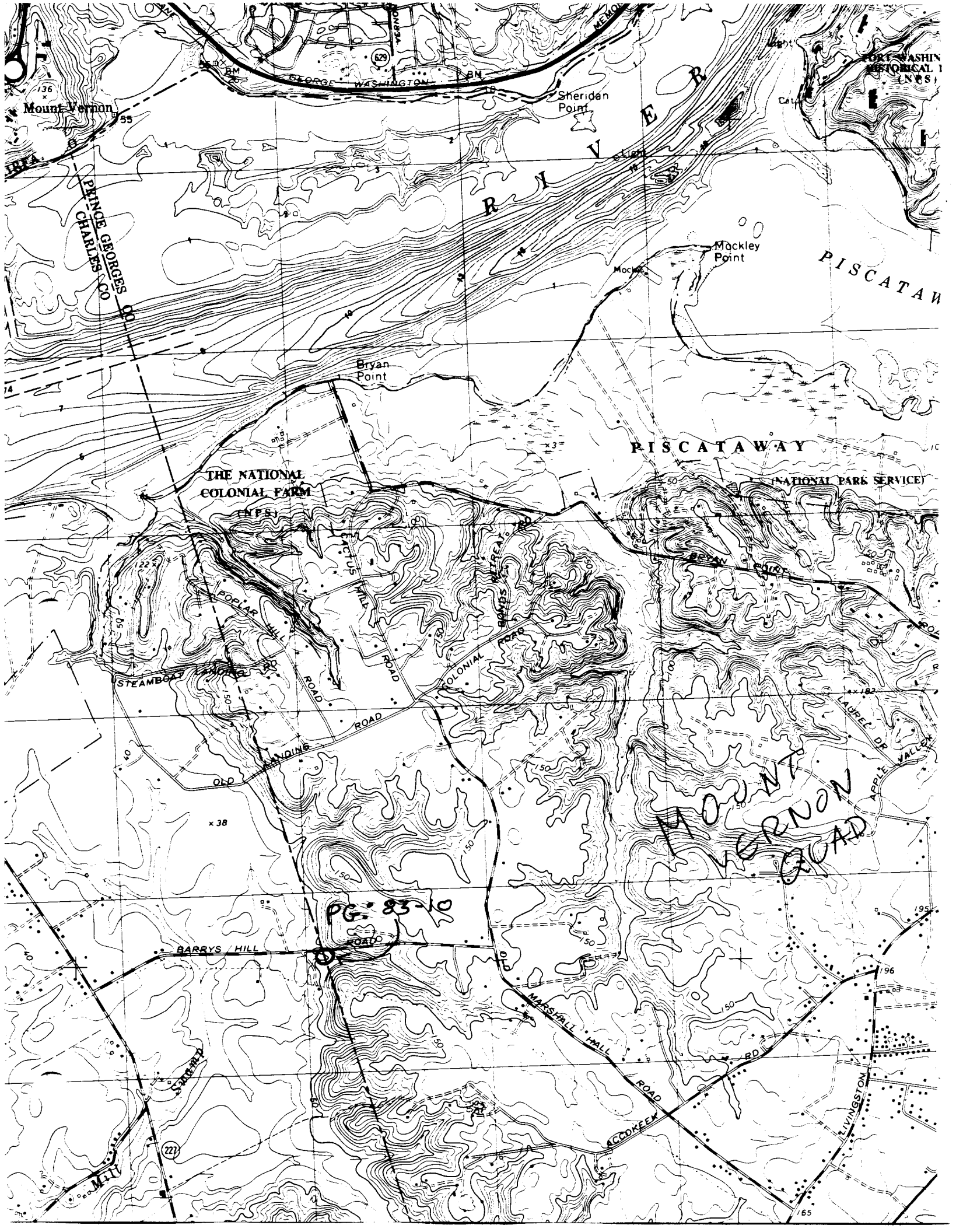
STATE

Maryland

The Maryland Historic Sites Inventory was officially created by an Act of the Maryland Legislature, to be found in the Annotated Code of Maryland, Article 41, Section 181 KA, 1974 Supplement.

The Survey and Inventory are being prepared for information and record purposes only and do not constitute any infringement of individual property rights.

RETURN TO: Maryland Historical Trust
The Shaw House, 21 State Circle
Annapolis, Maryland 21401
(301) 267-1438



dian Fork Branch and then up this branch to Piscataway Creek.¹⁹

With this division, the hundreds in Prince George's County had reached their greatest number, and represented an increase from the original six in 1696 to 23 in 1745. (Fig. 2)

By 1748 the number of taxables in the county had reached 6,624, over ten times the number there had been when the county was erected, and the General Assembly of the province deemed it time to divide the county. At its May-June session two acts were passed which affected Prince George's County. One was entitled "An Act for taking off Part of Prince George's County, and Adding it to Charles County," and the other "An Act to divide Prince George's County, and to erect a new one by the Name of Frederick County." The first act stated that from December 10, 1748, the land bounded "by a Line drawn from Mattawoman Run in the Road commonly called the Rolling Road, that leads from the late Dwelling Plantation of Mr. Edward Neale through the lower Part of Mr. Peter Dent's Dwelling Plantation, until it strikes Potomack River, at or near the bounded Tree of a Tract of Land whereon John Beall Junior now lives (standing on the Bank of the aforesaid River at the lower End of the aforesaid Beall's Plantation) then with the River to the Mouth of Mattawoman Creek," should become part of Charles County. The second act stated that, from the same date, December 10, 1748, the new Frederick County was to be erected, with the dividing line "Beginning at the lower Side of the Mouth of Rock Creek, and thence by a strait Line joining at the East Side of Seth Hyat's Plantation to Patuxent River."²⁰

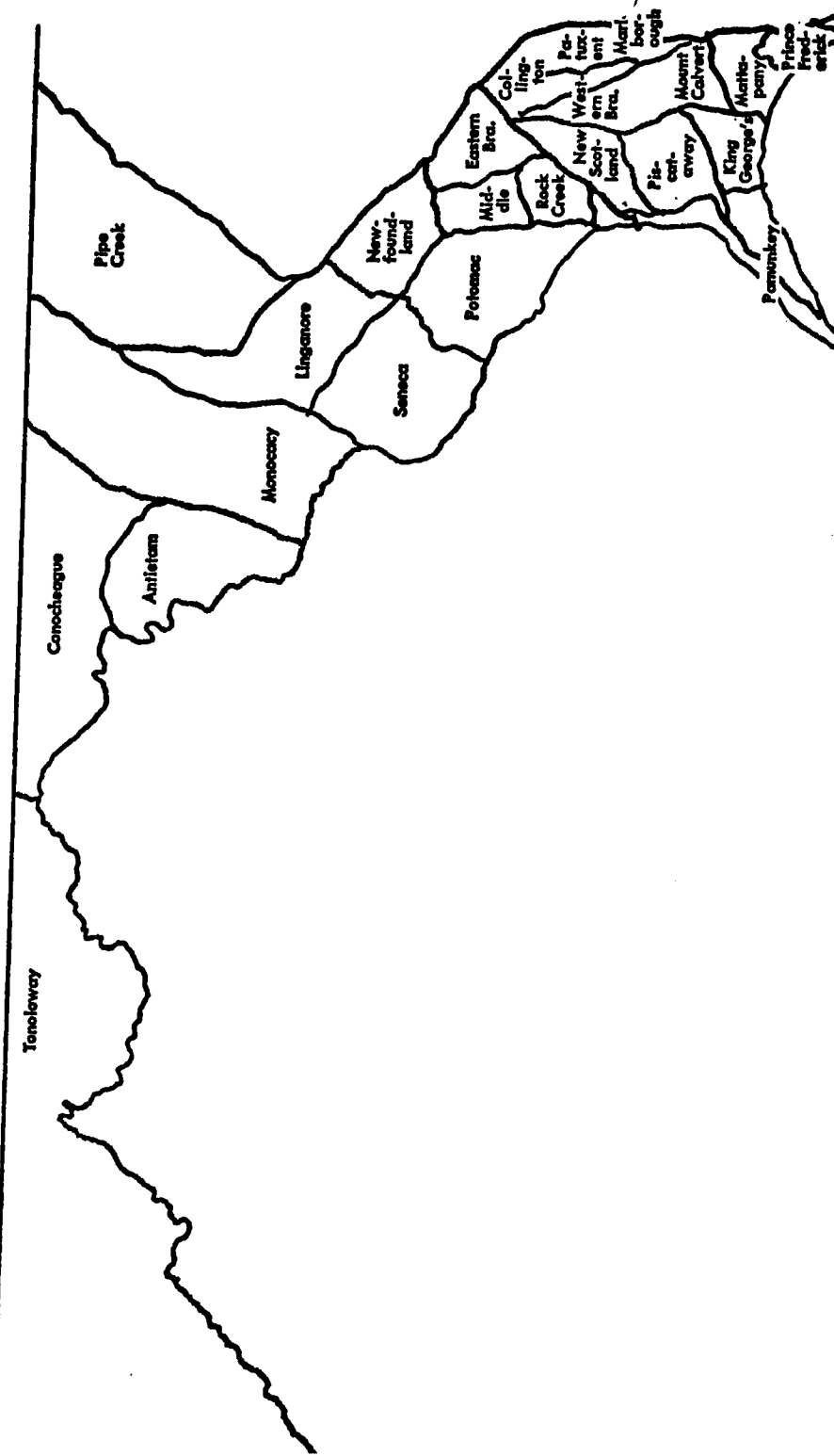
Except for the land to be given later to the Federal Government for the District of Columbia, Prince George's County was now reduced to its present size, with a consequent reduction in the number of hundreds. Anticipating the loss of the southwest corner to Charles County, Pamunkey Hundred had been taken into King George's Hundred in November;²¹ Frederick County encompassed the upper ten hundreds; so that on December 10, 1748, Prince George's County was left with 12 hundreds. (Fig. 3)

Even though it had lost its frontier land which was enticing to new settlers, the population of Prince George's County continued to grow, so that it was necessary from time to time to reduce the area of the existing hundreds and continue to create new ones.

¹⁹ PGCo. Ct. Rec., Lib. DD, f. 282, 407.

²⁰ PGCo. Levy Books, Lib. A, f. 550; *Arch. Md.*, XLVI, 140-2, 142-4.

²¹ PGCo. Ct. Rec., Lib. KK, f. 34.



Hinton, Louise Joyner
1972 Prince George's Heritage
Baltimore: Garman's/Pindemare Press.

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